PHARMACOG
Prediction of cognitive properties of new drug candidates for neurodegenerative diseases in early clinical development

IRCCS Istituto Centro San Giovanni di Dio - Fatebenefratelli

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1 Collaborating Centers

- IRCCS Istituto Centro San Giovanni di Dio Fatebenefratelli (Brescia)
- Center for Mind Brain Sciences, University of Trento, Trento, Italy
- General Hospital, Verona, Italy
- University “G. d’Annunzio” of Chieti, Chieti, Italy
- Perugia General Hospital, Perugia, Italy
- Catholic University, Rome, Italy
- University of Genoa, Genoa, Italy
- IRCCS SDN, Naples, Italy
- IRCCS AOU San Martino, Genoa, Italy
- Istituto di Ricerche Farmacologiche Mario Negri IRCCS, Milano, Italy
- University of Rome, Rome, Italy
- Clínica de Barcelona, IDIBAPS, Barcelona, Spain
- Universitat de Barcelona and IDIBAPS, Barcelona, Spain
- Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
- Alzheimer Centre, VU Medical Centre, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- University of Leipzig, Leipzig, Germany
- University of Duisburg-Essen, Essen, Germany
- University of Lille, INSERM U1171, Memory Clinic, Lille, France
- University Hospital, Lille, France
- Aix-Marseille Université, INSERM U 1106, 13005 Marseille, France
- Université de Toulouse, Toulouse, France
- UMR CNRS-Université de la Méditerranée, Marseille, France
- Qualissima, Marseille, France
2 Cohort Description

Age Range: 55-90
Size N: 147 subjects
Recruitment: december 2011 - june 2013
Data collection: 2011-2015
Healthy controls: no
Only at-risk gene carriers included: no
Diseases studied: Mild Cognitive Impairment (MCI)

Clinical Evaluation:

- Neuropsychological Assessments (tests performed): the Alzheimer’s Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive portion (ADAS-Cog), MMSE, ReyAuditory Verbal Learning Test (RAVLT), logical memory, clock drawing test, trail making test forms A and B, digit span forward and backward, WAIS-R digit symbol substitution test, letter and category fluency test and Boston naming test. Validated test versions were available in different languages. Some tests of the computerized Cambridge Neuropsychological Test Automated Battery (CANTAB) were administered to assess visual memory [paired-associates learning (PAL), delayed matching to sample (DMS), pattern recognition memory (PRM) and spatial recognition memory (SRM)], working memory [spatial working memory (SWM)] and attention [reaction time (RT) and rapid visual information processing (RVP)]


Imaging and Neurophysiology:

- EEG
- MRI 3 T

Genotyping: APOE

Digital Data obtained from patients through electronic devices: yes
Biological Samples:

- CSF (abeta 42, tau, p-tau)

Follow-up:

- Number of Follow-ups completed: 590
- Average duration between follow-ups (years): 0.5 years (6 months)
- Follow-ups type: Clinical evaluation, EEG, MRI

Data Storage: NeuGRID2